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		LAFS.6 .L.1.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	LAFS. 7.L.1. 1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	LAFS.8 .L.1.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
			a. Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).		a. Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their function in specific sentences.		a. Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.
			b. Use intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).		b. Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.		b. Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
	Standard English		c. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.		c. Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.		c. Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
	tandarc		d. Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).				d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.
JAGE	Conventions of S		e. Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.				
LANGUAGE	Conv	LAFS.6 .L.1.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	LAFS. 7.L.1. 2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	LAFS.8 .L.1.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
			a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.		a. Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie but not He wore an old[,] green shirt).		a. Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
			b. Spell correctly.		b. Spell correctly.		b. Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission. c. Spell correctly.
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	Knowledge of Language	LAFS.6 .L.2.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style	LAFS. 7.L.2. 3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.	LAFS.8 .L.2.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).
	Kno		b. Maintain consistency in style and tone.				

		LAFS.6 .L.3.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	LAFS. 7.L.3. 4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 7 reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.		LAFS.8 .L.3.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on <i>grade 8 reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
			a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.		a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.			a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
ш	and Use		b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible). c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.		b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel). c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.			b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede). c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
LANGUAGE	Vocabulary Acquisition and Use		d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).		d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).			d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
LAN	bulary A	LAFS.6 .L.3.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.	LAFS. 7.L.3. 5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.		LAFS.8 .L.3.5	Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
	Voca		a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.		a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context.			a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
			b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.		b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.	·		b. Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
			c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty).		c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).			c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).
		LAFS.6 .L.3.6	Acquire and use accurately grade- appropriate general academic and domain- specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.	LAFS. 7.L.3. 6	Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.		LAFS.8 .L.3.6	Acquire and use accurately grade- appropriate general academic and domain- specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

	ils	LAFS. 6.RI.1 .1	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	LAFS. 7.RI.1. 1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.		LAFS.8 .RI.1.1	Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	Key Ideas & Details	LAFS. 6.RI.1 .2	Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	LAFS. 7.RI.1. 2	Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	-	LAFS.8 .RI.1.2	Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.
	Ke	LAFS. 6.RI.1 .3	Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).	LAFS. 7.RI.1. 3	Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events).		LAFS.8 .RI.1.3	Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
97	ucture	LAFS. 6.RI.2 .4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.	LAFS. 7.RI.2. 4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.		LAFS.8 .RI.2.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
INFORMATIONAL READING	Craft & Structure	LAFS. 6.RI.2 .5	Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.	LAFS. 7.RI.2. 5	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.		LAFS.8 .RI.2.5	Analyze in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.
MATION,		LAFS. 6.RI.2 .6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.	LAFS. 7.RI.2. 6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.		LAFS.8 .RI.2.6	Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
INFOR	re & Ideas	LAFS. 6.RI.3 .7	Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.	LAFS. 7.RI.3. 7	Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).		LAFS.8 .RI.3.7	Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
	Integration of Knowledge	LAFS. 6.RI.3 .8	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.	LAFS. 7.RI.3. 8	Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims.		LAFS.8 .RI.3.8	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
		LAFS. 6.RI.3 .9	Compare and contrast one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person).	LAFS. 7.RI.3. 9	Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.		LAFS.8 .RI.3.9	Analyze a case in which two or more texts provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
	Range of Reading & Level of Text Complexity	LAFS. 6.RI.4 .10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	LAFS. 7.RI.4. 10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.		LAFS.8 .RI.4.1 0	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

	ails	LAFS .6.R L.1.	Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	LAFS. 7.RL.1 .1	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	LAFS.8 .RL.1.1	Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	Key Ideas & Details	LAFS .6.R L.1. 2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	LAFS. 7.RL.1 .2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.	LAFS.8 .RL.1.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
	Key	LAFS .6.R L.1. 3	Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.	LAFS. 7.RL.1 .3	Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).	LAFS.8 .RL.1.3	Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
NG	ture	LAFS .6.R L.2.	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.	LAFS. 7.RL.2 .4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.	LAFS.8 .RL.2.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
LITERARY READING	Craft & Structure	LAFS .6.R L.2. 5	Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.	LAFS. 7.RL.2 .5	Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning.	LAFS.8 .RL.2.5	Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.
LITER	Cra	LAFS .6.R L.2.	Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.	LAFS. 7.RL.2 .6	Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.	LAFS.8 .RL.2.6	Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.
	Integration of Knowledge & Ideas	LAFS. 6.RL. 3.7	Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.	LAFS. 7.RL.3 .7	Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).	LAFS.8 .RL.3.7	Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.
	Integration	LAFS. 6.RL. 3.9	Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.	LAFS. 7.RL.3 .9	Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.	LAFS.8 .RL.3.9	Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.
	Range of Reading & Level of Text	LAFS. 6.RL. 4.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	LAFS. 7.RL.4 .10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6–8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.	LAFS.8 .RL.4.1 0	By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

		LAFS.6 .SL.1.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	LAFS.7. SL.1.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.	LAFS.8 .SL.1.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
			a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.		a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.		a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
	llaboration		b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.		b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.		b. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
9N	Comprehension & Collaboration		c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.		c. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed.		c. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
SPEAKING / LISTENING	Compre		d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.		d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views.		d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
SPEAKING		LAFS.6 .SL.1.2	Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.	LAFS.7. SL.1.2	Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.	LAFS.8 .SL.1.2	Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.
		LAFS.6 .SL.1.3	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.	LAFS.7. SL.1.3	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.	LAFS.8 .SL.1.3	Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
	Presentation of Knowledge & Ideas	LAFS.6 .SL.2.4	Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.	LAFS.7. SL.2.4	Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.	LAFS.8 .SL.2.4	Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
	ation of Kno	LAFS.6 .SL.2.5	Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.	LAFS.7. SL.2.5	Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.	LAFS.8 .SL.2.5	Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.
	Present	LAFS.6 .SL.2.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	LAFS.7. SL.2.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	LAFS.8 .SL.2.6	Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

		LAFS.6	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.	LAFS.7.	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.	LAFS.8	Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
		.W.1.1	a. Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.	W.1.1	a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.	.W.1.1	a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
			b. Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.		b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.		b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
			c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.		c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.		c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
			d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or		d. Establish and maintain a formal style.e. Provide a concluding statement or		d. Establish and maintain a formal style. e. Provide a concluding statement or
			section that follows from the argument presented.		section that follows from and supports the argument presented.		section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
WRITING	Key Ideas & Details	LAFS.6 .W.1.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.	LAFS.7. W.1.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.	LAFS.8 .W.1.2	Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
WE	Key lde		a. Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.		a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.		a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
			b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.		b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.		b. Develop the topic with relevant, well- chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
			c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.		c. Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.		c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
			d. Use precise language and domain- specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style.		d. Use precise language and domain- specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style.		d. Use precise language and domain- specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal style.
			f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.		f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.		f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

				GINADES 0 - 0		
	LAFS.6 .W.1.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.	LAFS. 7.W.1 .3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.	LAFS.8 .W.1.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
		b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.		b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.		b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters. c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.
		d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.		d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.		d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
	LAFS.6 .W.2.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	LAFS. 7.W.2 .4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	LAFS.8 .W.2.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)
Craft & Structure	LAFS.6 .W.2.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.	LAFS. 7.W.2 .5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.	LAFS.8 .W.2.5	With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
	LAFS.6 .W.2.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.	LAFS. 7.W.2 .6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.	LAFS.8 .W.2.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.

		LAFS. 6.W. 3.7	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.	LAFS. 7.W.3 .7	Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.	LAFS.8 .W.3.7	Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
9	ntegration of Knowledge & Ideas	LAFS. 6.W. 3.8	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.	LAFS. 7.W.3 .8	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	LAFS.8 .W.3.8	Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
WRITING	Integration o	LAFS. 6.W. 3.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics").	LAFS. 7.W.3 .9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history").	LAFS.8 .W.3.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. a. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new").
	Range of Reading & Level of Text Complexity	LAFS. 6.W. 4.10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	LAFS. 7.W.4 .10	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	LAFS.8 .W.4.1 0	Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.